

IRISH WHO FIGHT NOW PLAY INTO HANDS OF FOE, SAYS COLLINS

was a new, vigorous, self-reliant, self-believing people.

"And yet readers of American history know how disinclined toward forceful measures such truly great men as, for instance, Thomas Jefferson were.

"The Irish people have had enough of bloodshed and tyrannical oppression.

"A handful of the total population was behind the uprising of Easter Week, 1916. And we have just now emerged from six years of bloody war—the more terrible for a people to live under in that it was less generally recognized as a war.

"People Wanted Peace.

"It was this fact that occupied the minds of those of us who went to London last fall to negotiate the treaty.

"We knew that first and foremost our people wanted peace—wanted a cessation of the Black and Tan terror—wanted a settlement that would enable us to get on with the orderly conduct of our day-to-day lives.

"The opposition we who sponsored the treaty have met with has been founded in the republican doctrine of a handful of bitter men and women whose outlook has been altogether political and as such impracticable.

"The Slave Mind."

"If it had been merely this tiny minority we had had to consider, there would have been no question as to our procedure. But, unhappily, they were a relatively unimportant factor. Rory O'Connor and his followers, who have chosen even more militant methods to show their discontent with the treaty, were—and are—equally negligible.

"The policy is that here in Ireland—thanks chiefly to the vicious effect of English misrule for centuries—there has developed a slave mind among the people at large which permits thugs to gain the upper hand at the moment of military domination such as England exercises in withdrawn.

"The followers of our political opponents were few in number—in strict truth, few of the boldest of the Republicans in Irish history know which end of a gun is the business end. And as for the so-called irregulars, they can be numbered in fewer hundreds than there are thousands of loyal men in the I. R. A.

"At any time and in almost any order we could drive them out of their quarters and effect their unconditional surrender.

"But we have had other and more important things to consider. To establish the supremacy of a Irish government by the very same means which Irishmen have come to associate with the English government would be subversive of the very thing of a united Ireland.

"Stability Is First Need."

"We have the pernicious effects of 750 years of hatred of government of any kind to overcome in the inherited instincts of our people. I hope that a people more fortunately placed may understand this thought.

"If, as is being said, the agreement we have made with the Republicans imperils the treaty, at least it is the one thing that will bring stable conditions to the country—and that is Ireland's first need today.

"If, as is yet to be proved, this agreement results in a renewed offensive against Ireland by England—the agreement will give us a united Ireland in front of which to meet such an offensive.

"I, for one, doubt that England will so interpret our having come to an agreement with those openly opposed to the treaty. However, much to their disliking, our agreement may be the inadvisability of renewing their war of subjugation against a people who divided—compelled them to seek a truce.

"But whatever the actual consequences, it must be apparent to any impartial observer that stable conditions in Ireland can, in no conceivable circumstances, be an injury to anybody.

"Period Justifies Move."

"Mr. Churchill and the other members of the English government with whom we have been conferring appreciate that we have come out of a revolutionary period, and that in the transitional period we are still perhaps face to face with conditions more revolutionary than constitutional.

"At least we have done our best to show them that the existing agreement is a better way of enabling the Irish people to express their free will than any keenly or violently contested elections could be an attempt to carry us over what is really still a revolutionary period, and our justifications is that other governments have put forward special measures in times of stress and emergency that did not shape four-square in the regular day.

"But most important of all the considerations that led us to form a coalition with our opponents is the fact that at every period in Irish history internal differences have been fought out too soon.

"Feared National Split."

"If we had gone on as we were going, and come into actual conflict with our opponents—an eventuality many of us are certain England desired above all else—we should have been repeating history.

"We should have done what happened in the case of Parnell and Butt. They divided too soon, split the nation and made it impossible.

"That was what we saw. It would not have been merely a split in the Dail that mattered. It would have been the resultant split in the nation.

"The value of the agreement is not that it secures unity in the Dail, but that it secures unity in the nation.

"Answering my direct question as to his and his associates' intention to put the terms of the treaty into effect Mr. Collins was emphatic.

"Would Carry Out Treaty."

"London has already been assured and the event should prove that the new Irish Government is sincere in its determination to carry out the Treaty," he declared.

"We know how some of the Irish people have been led to believe that we have surrendered to the Republican minority, although how anybody could believe such a thing of a man like Arthur Griffith is beyond me.

"But it is not so. It is not we who have climbed down. It is our opponents.

"It is they who have agreed to put an end to their obstructionist tactics and to their honor let it be said. For with this unity we can now address ourselves to the two-fold task most urgently demanding

SAMMY AND HIS PALS

Copyright, 1922, by Star Company.



MISS HUGHES WEDS CHAUNCEY WADDELL

President Harding and Brilliant Gathering Watch Pretty June Ceremony.

Work, the Attorney General, Mr. Daugherty, the Secretary of Agriculture and Mrs. Wallace, with Miss Mary Wallace, the Secretary of Labor, Mr. Davis, Justice and Mrs. McKenna, Mrs. Mahlon Pittney, Miss Beatrice Pittney, the Undersecretary of State, William Phillips, Assistant Secretary of State, Leland Harrison; the Third Assistant Secretary of State, Robert Woods Bliss; the Director of the Consular Service and Mrs. Wilbur J. Carr and other officials of the State Department.

A well-selected musical program was given during the seating of the guests. "The Voice That Breathed O'er Eden" being played as the Presidential party entered. Then the strains of the Wedding March from Lohengrin heralded the bride's approach.

The bride entered the church on the arm of her father, preceded by members of her bridal party. Her attention—ending internal lawlessness and finding a way to put down the intractably wicked warfare in Northern Ulster.

"Imagine the United States in a similar position. Imagine a Canada with a population ten times that of the United States, and with a hold in New England such as England has in Northern Ulster.

"That foothold in the outcome of generations of English ancestors having been born on Irish soil. There are six counties in Ulster, four of which only have Unionist majorities.

"To continue the parallel, it is as if only four of the six New England States were pro-Canadian—with Rhode Island and Connecticut still American, but still claimed by the rest of New England as part of the pro-Canadian bloc.

"What if Canada, poured her troops into New England—as a jumping-off place?

"Would it matter how powerful Canada, how certain her ability to whip the United States in a military sense?

"Would not the spirit of the American people be overwhelmingly in favor of trying out the issue? Knowing my American history I am sure it would.

"Must Have United Erin."

"And that, eventually, is what England must understand. It is not the treaty that will settle this matter. So long as men of English lineage dominate the Ulster parliament it is not to be expected that the northeast counties will ever of their own free will consent to join with the rest of Ireland.

"And yet anything less than this will never satisfy the Irish ideal of an independent Ireland. And our efforts to win independence for Ireland will never cease until that ideal of complete unity has been achieved.

"The first step toward that unity has now been taken in southern Ireland.

"Let no one doubt that in the conference which finally resulted in our reaching this unity, every controversial issue which divided us was thoroughly thrashed out.

"We know one another—and what is more to the point, we have learned enough from past history to know that our nation's salvation depends on our standing together.

"If the English government chooses to place an interpretation on our agreement that appears to them to justify their resuming the use of armed forces against us—it will be a false interpretation, and the Irish people in this generation will live to see a world declare itself in favor of an Ireland free and independent."

Ordered to Pay \$200,000 Sum to Maintain Wife

LOS ANGELES, June 10. MICHAEL A. SPELLACY, oil magnate, of Los Angeles and New York, is \$200,000 poorer today following a decision by Superior Judge McLucas here that he must pay his wife that sum.

She sued for separate maintenance and charged her husband was squandering his money on flappers in New York and living expensively at the Waldorf Astoria Hotel.

maid of honor, Miss Elizabeth Kirkland, of Nashville, Tenn., had been her classmate in school and college, and her two matrons of honor were her sister-in-law, Mrs. Charles Evans Hughes, Jr., and Mrs. Ralph Dunlap, of Akron, Ohio, sister of the bridegroom.

Beal the Best Man.

Charles Evans Hughes, Jr., of New York, and Ralph Dunlap, of Ohio, were in the group of ushers, the others being James Alexander, of Atlanta; Dr. Byron Blaisdell, of Hartford, Conn.; Kenneth Gaston and Ralph Boland, of New York. Whitney Young, of New York, also assisted in seating the guests.

The best man, who stood with Mr. Waddell at the chancel rail to wait the coming of his bride, was Gerald Fessenden Beal, of New York.

The ceremony was performed by the Rev. Alfred Harding, Bishop of Washington, assisted by the Rev. Dr. Abernethy, pastor of Calvary Baptist Church. Secretary and Mrs. Hughes, who are active church workers, are Baptists, but their daughter became a member of the Episcopal Church some years ago when she was a student at the Cathedral School.

Miss Hughes' wedding gown was of white crepe-backed satin, embroidered in strands of pearls and made with the flowing sleeves of silk net that Lanvin had made fashionable. They were edged with bands of pearl broderie in pearls and veiled in silk net. A coronet of pearls bound the wedding veil closely to the bride's head. She carried a shower of lilies of the valley.

The two little train bearers were Miss "Hughes" nephews, Charles Evans Hughes, Jr., and Stuart Hughes, son of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Evans Hughes, Jr. They made an engaging picture in white flannel suits, with ruffled white silk shirts.

The maid of honor's frock was of shell pink organdie, trimmed with narrow shirred ruffles of the same crisp material, and her costume was completed by a wide picture hat of organdie of the same shade as her gown.

The maid of honor's gown was of the same material, but with a different trim, and on similar lines, but Mrs. Hughes' gown and hat were lavender and Mrs. Dunlap's corn color.

All the attendants carried showers of Killarney roses and some graceful lavender flowers that looked like Queen Anne's lace. They were tied with orchid tinted ribbon.

After the reception, Mr. and Mrs. Waddell left for their wedding trip, on the conclusion of which they will make their home in New York. Mr. Waddell wore a bar going-away costume a charming gown of blue and beige canton crepe, the skirt being of blue and the long-waisted bodice of beige. The costume was com-

BAKER MADE HEAD OF PENN. G. O. P.

Pepper Is National Committee-man—Pinchot Forces in Confusion.

(Continued from First Page.)

and recent Pinchot and his friends from capturing the Republican "organization" which the late Senator Boies Penrose bequeathed.

The Pepper-Baker victory was construed as an indication that Pinchot, if elected Governor in November, will have a stony road to follow at Harrisburg, as the combination of former Penrose and anti-Penrose machine leaders who successfully opposed his efforts to name the Republican State chairman are also regarded as likely to control the next State legislature.

More Strife in Ranks.

The fight between Pinchot and anti-Pinchot forces for State control was considered likely to lead to further factional strife in the Republican ranks in Pennsylvania, as Pinchot served notice recently that if he were not allowed to designate the State chairman he would "go it alone" during the rest of the campaign.

Pinchot's defeat was a severe blow. It was explained, not only to his personal aspirations to succeed to the titular Republican leadership of the Keystone State which Penrose held for years, but meant the repudiation of Joseph R. Grundy, president of the Pennsylvania Manufacturers' Association, and other former Penrose men who turned in for Pinchot at the recent primary because of their feud with William Cameron Sproul, the present governor.

"Pepper held a series of conferences with Pinchot before the State committee meeting, both here and at Philadelphia, but both he and Major David A. Reed, of Pittsburgh, lawyer and ex-service man, who won the Republican nomination for the late Senator Knox's seat, refused to consider any one but Baker for the State chairmanship.

pleated by a cape of blue crepe and a hat of soft beige satin trimmed in flowers of the same shade.

Is a Harvard Man.

Mr. Waddell, who is in business in New York, is a graduate of Harvard, class of 1918, and was in the air service during the war. Miss Hughes is a graduate of the National Cathedral School and of Wellesley College. She spent last summer traveling abroad and during the winter just past was her mother's right-hand man in the rather arduous social duties which fall to the lot of the wife of the Secretary of State.

One must go back to the Roosevelt Administration for an instance of the daughter of a Secretary of State marrying while her father was in office. It was while her father was in the Cabinet that Miss Edith Root, daughter of Elihu Root, became the bride of Major, then Lieut. Thyges R. Grant, Jr. Before that, while John Hay was Secretary of State, his daughters, Miss Alice Hay and Miss Helen Hay, were married, both weddings took place at the Hay summer home in New York State. Miss Alice Hay is now Mrs. James W. Wadsworth, Jr., and Miss Helen Hay, Mrs. Payne Whitney.

Besides the members of the wedding party, most of whom were from out of town, a little group of guests from other cities assembled for the Hughes-Waddell wedding. Among them were the bridegroom's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Edwin J. Waddell, Mr. and Mrs. Collin T. Carter, of New York, uncle and aunt of the bride and Mr. and Mrs. Louis Gaston, of New York.

HEARST GIVES HIS VIEWS ON GREAT BRITAIN

(Continued from First Page.)

proved conditions in England, and the prospect of conditions being further improved."

Mr. Hearst: "How do our governing classes compare with the governing classes of the United States?"

One Good Point.

Mr. Hearst: "Americans who come abroad should not come solely for the purpose of telling foreign nations how wonderful we are at home. We are good. We admit that quite freely. There are many things in which we lead the world, but there are some things in which we do not. Americans should come abroad to learn whatever is good and to take back to America whatever we can use to our advantage."

"I have been studying your political system, and while there are many things in which I think we are superior, there is one thing in your English political life which I am studying to my advantage. That is to phrase it broadly, the permanence of governmental or political employment in your system."

"The man who goes into civil service in England looks to it for his career. If he succeeds in it he will be promoted in it. His opportunity for achievement lies in it and there is a certainty of being retained in it and advanced in it as his abilities warrant. Consequently such a career compares favorably in opportunities with other walks of life, and the best grade of intelligence goes into it."

"On account of the permanence of position, this grade of intelligence is thoroughly trained, with the result that you have the service of first class ability thoroughly familiar with its business. I do not think our people have any less brains than any other people in the world. In fact, the average intelligence in the United States is higher than anywhere else in the world, but in order that an occupation may secure the best brains of any country, it must offer opportunities for development and permanent permanence of position."

"All that I have said about governmental positions and character of civil service applies, to a certain extent, to public services generally, to elected officials as well as to appointed officials. Experience in government is very valuable to any man, and men who possess that experience are valuable to a nation."

"There is a great opportunity in England for men who possess that experience in public life and to continue to serve their country. With us, when the President has served his term, or two terms, he is dropped out of politics entirely. Undoubtedly, the idea of a brief tenure of office for any man, with the enormous power that inheres in the Presidency, is right, but there should be some way in which the abilities and experience of a man big enough to be President could be retained in the service of his country."

Best Kept in Office.

"In England men who have had the ability to rise to the top in governmental affairs are generally continued in politics. At one time they may constitute the administration and at another time they may be the leaders of the opposition, but they are all all the time in the front rank of politics, bringing their abilities and their experience to the solution of the problems of the nation. This idea of keeping the best men in public life, not for their own benefit, but for the benefit of the nation, is something which we must consider carefully, and certainly we must have a skilled civil service and diplomatic service if we are going to essay diplomacy to the extent we have of late."

Have Own Part.

"I am in favor of having as little political relations and diplomatic negotiations with foreign nations as possible, but where we do have these relations and negotiations we must have men able to uphold the side of the game and bring us out with flying colors. We must not be 'come-ons,' or if you don't understand that phrase, dupes, in diplomacy. When Americans go into anything, they go in to succeed, and to the extent that we have diplomatic negotiations we should be prepared to be successful."

Sir Hall Cairne: "Have you seen anything in your short stay which gives you the strong tone you took in an interesting and arresting manifesto which you published in the Evening Standard on the day of your arrival?"

Mr. Hearst: "I have seen nothing during my stay which in any measure modifies or alters the opinions I expressed on my arrival. On the contrary, I have seen many things which confirm me in my views that the best policy in the United States is to be absolutely free from complications and conflicts of Europe."

Sir Hall Cairne: "Has your observation led you to think that we are confronted by any grave social, political or international difficulties which do not in the same extent affect the United States?"

Considers the Next War.

Mr. Hearst: "You have any number of grave social, political, and international difficulties which do not affect the United States to the same extent, if at all. I find one question, for instance, uppermost in the mind of nearly every man I've met. It is 'When and with whom is England going to have the next war?' I am not referring to the leading politicians. They talk very guardedly on such matters—but to the average man everywhere, there seems to be no doubt whatever that there is to be another war, perhaps very soon, and that England is to be drawn into it, and the question merely is, what preparations and international combinations can be made to enable England to be successful in that war."

"Of course, this attitude is justified by experience of the past and perhaps even more justified by the conditions of the present, but it

Matrimony Is Issue in Maine Senate Fight

AUGUSTA, Me., June 10.

MATRIMONY has been injected into Maine's State politics. Howard Davies, who is opposing Senator Frederick Hale for the Republican nomination, has made the latter's unmarried state an issue in the campaign. Davies has declared the bachelor less able to take his place in society than the benedict.

"The hands that are filled with glass beads and golden toys cannot grasp the things in life that are lasting and abiding," he said.

"Eyes that are accustomed to bright lights can see nothing in but darkness when they look up at the stars."

Mrs. Davies is doing her part in bringing to the attention of the voters the fact that her husband shoulders the responsibilities of a married man, while Senator Hale does not.

What about selling short the new trust, the Steel of North America as it is called? Some are selling it short, although, beyond question, there is not half as much water in it as there was in the first trust.

The bears will answer, "Less water." Yes. But big steel is there to eat it alive, whenever Judge Gary decides that it has lived long enough.

There is something in that. There is something also in the fact that Kuhn, Loeb are back of "North American" Steel. Morgan let his common stock fall to \$8 a share, or less, and many were ruined, including school teachers and other small fry.

Frank Munsey went in, carried 50,000 shares on margin for awhile, advised others to buy, jacked it up, made money for his following, and incidentally forty or fifty millions for himself.

Otto Kahn, Schiff 2nd and others of Kuhn, Loeb will not let their common stock drop to \$8 if they can help it. The William-Percy Rockefeller crowd will back it, probably for they contributed their ailing steel baby Midvale to the combination.

It's an interesting chapter in financial war, right under your eyes. These dollar battles of today are as important as the battles of other days, when men were cut down with scythes fastened to chariot wheels.

Out of the Kuhn, Loeb-Morgan dollar war can come higher or lower wages and prices, stock gambling that will ruin thousands and enrich a few. Good will come also, after good has come of all wars, after good horrors. Competition will increase efficiency; it may even increase wages and cut prices, but not likely.

is a hideous thought to our American way of thinking, to be continually contemplating war, preparations for war, and possible results of war. That alone is enough to make any American realize the wisdom of Washington's advice to keep away from foreign entanglements.

"We have been in one European war at an enormous sacrifice of blood and treasure. We don't want to be drawn into another, especially when matters that you are talking about, thinking about, and fighting about are of no interest or importance; or if I may say so, of very little interest or importance to yourselves."

"The vital question is not what European nation owns this or that strip of territory or governs this or that community of people, provided the government is good, sound, stable, democratic, and European. The only thing that would be important is the possibility of that domination being Asiatic."

The Race Question.

"That is one thing you seem to overlook in your family quarrels in Europe—the possibility of an Asiatic outsider taking possession of house and whole household and settling matters to his own satisfaction and not to yours."

"The only real question is the race question. The vital question is how long will Asia, with twice the population of Europe and rapidly developing European perfection in slaughter through European war methods which they have been taught remain the subject power in the world? How long after they have been sufficiently drilled and armed and united will they refrain from becoming the dominant power in the world? That question really means something. It means everything to our Occidental standards of living, to our standards of morals, to our methods of government, to our racial and national and individual freedom, to our spiritual ideals, to our material comforts, to our happiness, and to our very existence."

SENATORS ASSAIL COAL PROFITEERS

Walsh and Borah Urge Prosecutions if Justified by Boost in Prices.

(Continued from First Page.)

since the conference of May 31. That the public is entitled to know and the committee intends that the public shall be fully informed.

"If the committee should find as a fact that the result of the conference of May 31 was a general increase in the price of soft coal, then it will be clear that Mr. Hoover failed in a large part and that the agreement entered into by him with the operators was not an agreement merely to fix prices, but was an agreement licensing an increase in prices."

"If the facts are thus established the committee will ask the Attorney General to take proper action to secure the indictment of such operators who are shown by the evidence to have increased prices for profiteering purposes, or in restraint of trade, or in violation of the anti-trust laws."

Walsh did not deny that he and Borah were far from satisfied with Hoover's explanation of his dealings with the operators, and that unless the Secretary is able to render a satisfactory accounting of his intervention in the coal strike that the committee proposes to "blow the lid off" the entire situation.

TO GIVE OUT TACNA FACTS.

Senor Aldunate, head of the Chilean delegation of the Tacna-Arica conference, announced yesterday he would request Ambassador Mathias of Chile, to lay before Secretary of State Hughes the exact situation in the conference to date. It was made plain, however, that the Chileans would not ask for arbitration at this time.

CUNNINGHAM FREED UNDER \$5,000 BOND

Co-operation in Solving of Ward Case Offered to New York Governor.

By International News Service.

WHITE PLAINS, N. Y., June 10. James J. Cunningham, who has been held under \$5,000 bail as a material witness in the Ward case, was freed from the White Plains county jail today under a bond offered by a bonding company.

The mystery surrounding the shooting of ragged Clarence Peters, an ex-marine, by Walter S. Ward, took another twist when the bondsman announced he had sent a telegram to Governor Miller as follows: "Any information in my possession relative to the Ward case is at your disposal. Will give you fullest co-operation in solving this alleged blackmailing plot."

Senor Aldunate, head of the Chilean delegation of the Tacna-Arica conference, announced yesterday he would request Ambassador Mathias of Chile, to lay before Secretary of State Hughes the exact situation in the conference to date. It was made plain, however, that the Chileans would not ask for arbitration at this time.

Senor Aldunate, head of the Chilean delegation of the Tacna-Arica conference, announced yesterday he would request Ambassador Mathias of Chile, to lay before Secretary of State Hughes the exact situation in the conference to date. It was made plain, however, that the Chileans would not ask for arbitration at this time.

Senor Aldunate, head of the Chilean delegation of the Tacna-Arica conference, announced yesterday he would request Ambassador Mathias of Chile, to lay before Secretary of State Hughes the exact situation in the conference to date. It was made plain, however, that the Chileans would not ask for arbitration at this time.

Senor Aldunate, head of the Chilean delegation of the Tacna-Arica conference, announced yesterday he would request Ambassador Mathias of Chile, to lay before Secretary of State Hughes the exact situation in the conference to date. It was made plain, however, that the Chileans would not ask for arbitration at this time.

Senor Aldunate, head of the Chilean delegation of the Tacna-Arica conference, announced yesterday he would request Ambassador Mathias of Chile, to lay before Secretary of State Hughes the exact situation in the conference to date. It was made plain, however, that the Chileans would not ask for arbitration at this time.

Senor Aldunate, head of the Chilean delegation of the Tacna-Arica conference, announced yesterday he would request Ambassador Mathias of Chile, to lay before Secretary of State Hughes the exact situation in the conference to date. It was made plain, however, that the Chileans would not ask for arbitration at this time.

Senor Aldunate, head of the Chilean delegation of the Tacna-Arica conference, announced yesterday he would request Ambassador Mathias of Chile, to lay before Secretary of State Hughes the exact situation in the conference to date. It was made plain, however, that the Chileans would not ask for arbitration at this time.

Senor Aldunate, head of the Chilean delegation of the Tacna-Arica conference, announced yesterday he would request Ambassador Mathias of Chile, to lay before Secretary of State Hughes the exact situation in the conference to date. It was made plain, however, that the Chileans would not ask for arbitration at this time.

Senor Aldunate, head of the Chilean delegation of the Tacna-Arica conference, announced yesterday he would request Ambassador Mathias of Chile, to lay before Secretary of State Hughes the exact situation in the conference to date. It was made plain, however, that the Chileans would not ask for arbitration at this time.

Senor Aldunate, head of the Chilean delegation of the Tacna-Arica conference, announced yesterday he would request Ambassador Mathias of Chile, to lay before Secretary of State Hughes the exact situation in the conference to date. It was made plain, however, that the Chileans would not ask for arbitration at this time.

Senor Aldunate, head of the Chilean delegation of the Tacna-Arica conference, announced yesterday he would request Ambassador Mathias of Chile, to lay before Secretary of State Hughes the exact situation in the conference to date. It was made plain, however, that the Chileans would not ask for arbitration at this time.

Senor Aldunate, head of the Chilean delegation of the Tacna-Arica conference, announced yesterday he would request Ambassador Mathias of Chile, to lay before Secretary of State Hughes the exact situation in the conference to date. It was made plain, however, that the Chileans would not ask for arbitration at this time.

Senor Aldunate, head of the Chilean delegation of the Tacna-Arica conference, announced yesterday he would request Ambassador Mathias of Chile, to lay before Secretary of State Hughes the exact situation in the conference to date. It was made plain, however, that the Chileans would not ask for arbitration at this time.

Senor Aldunate, head of the Chilean delegation of the Tacna-Arica conference, announced yesterday he would request Ambassador Mathias of Chile, to lay before Secretary of State Hughes the exact situation in the conference to date. It was made plain, however, that the Chileans would not ask for arbitration at this time.

Senor Aldunate, head of the Chilean delegation of the Tacna-Arica conference, announced yesterday he would request Ambassador Mathias of Chile, to lay before Secretary of State Hughes the exact situation in the conference to date. It was made plain, however, that the Chileans would not ask for arbitration at this time.

Senor Aldunate, head of the Chilean delegation of the Tacna-Arica conference, announced yesterday he would request Ambassador Mathias of Chile, to lay before Secretary of State Hughes the exact situation in the conference to date. It was made plain, however, that the Chileans would not ask for arbitration at this time.

Senor Aldunate, head of the Chilean delegation of the Tacna-Arica conference, announced yesterday he would request Ambassador Mathias of Chile, to lay before Secretary of State Hughes the exact situation in the conference to date. It was made plain, however, that the Chileans would not ask for arbitration at this time.

Senor Aldunate, head of the Chilean delegation of the Tacna-Arica conference, announced yesterday he would request Ambassador Mathias of Chile, to lay before Secretary of State Hughes the exact situation in the conference to date. It was made plain, however, that the Chileans would not ask for arbitration at this time.

Senor Aldunate, head of the Chilean delegation of the Tacna-Arica conference, announced yesterday he would request Ambassador Mathias of Chile, to lay before Secretary of State Hughes the exact situation in the conference to date. It was made plain, however, that the Chileans would not ask for arbitration at this time.

Senor Aldunate, head of the Chilean delegation of the Tacna-Arica conference, announced yesterday he would request Ambassador Mathias of Chile, to lay before Secretary of State Hughes the exact situation in the conference to date. It was made plain, however, that the Chileans would not ask for arbitration at this time.

Senor Aldunate, head of the Chilean delegation of the Tacna-Arica conference, announced yesterday he would request Ambassador Mathias of Chile, to lay before Secretary of State Hughes the exact situation in the conference to date. It was made plain, however, that the Chileans would not ask for arbitration at this time.

Senor Aldunate, head of the Chilean delegation of the Tacna-Arica conference, announced yesterday he would request Ambassador Mathias of Chile, to lay before Secretary of State Hughes the exact situation in the conference to date. It was made plain, however, that the Chileans would not ask for arbitration at this time.

Senor Aldunate, head of the Chilean delegation of the Tacna-Arica conference, announced yesterday he would request Ambassador Mathias of Chile, to lay before Secretary of State Hughes the exact situation in the conference to date. It was made plain, however, that the Chileans would not ask